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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/627,582	07/25/2003	Peter B. Vander Horn	020130-001510US	3008

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TOWNSEND AND TOWNSEND AND CREW, LLP  
TWO EMBARCADERO CENTER  
EIGHTH FLOOR  
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94111-3834

EXAMINER

HUTSON, RICHARD G

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

1652

DATE MAILED: 07/28/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.



<b>Office Action Summary</b>	<b>Application No.</b> 10/627,582	<b>Applicant(s)</b> VANDER HORN ET AL.	
	<b>Examiner</b> Richard G. Hutson	<b>Art Unit</b> 1652	

**-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --**  
**Period for Reply**

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

**Status**

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 08 May 2006.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**.                      2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

**Disposition of Claims**

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-32 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) 11-24, 31 and 32 is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-6, 8-10, 25 and 27-30 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

**Application Papers**

- 9) ☒ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

**Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119**

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All    b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

**Attachment(s)**

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)   | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)             |
| 3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>5/06</u> . | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____  |



### **DETAILED ACTION**

Claims 1-32 are still at issue and are present for examination.

#### ***Election/Restrictions***

Applicant's election with traverse of Group I, and SEQ ID NOs: 24 and 2, Claims 1-11 and 25-31, drawn to a hybrid polymerase, in the paper of 5/8/2006, is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that all of the instant claims can be examined with an undue burden as the examination of Group I, would logically identify prior art relating to all of the other groups.

In response to this traversal, applicant's argument is found non-persuasive on the basis that while a proper search of the different groups may overlap, they are not coextensive and thus the examination of additional groups would present an undue burden.

Applicants further argue that the restriction between groups (a)- (l) is improper on the basis that Claim 1 is a genus claim and restriction within the scope of a single claim contravenes the patent law. Applicants further reference *In re Weber, Soder and Boksay*, 198 U.S.P.Q. 328 (C.C.P.A., 1978) and *In re Haas*, 179 U.S.P.Q. 623, 625 (C.C.P.A. 1973) in supporting applicant's position. Applicants submit that applicants have the right to have each claim examined on the merits and that if the restriction is maintained applicants would not be able to capture the subject matter divided by the restriction. Applicants further argue that if the members of a Markush group are sufficiently small in number, the examiner must examine all of the groups.



Applicant's complete argument is acknowledged and has been carefully considered, however, continues to be found nonpersuasive on the basis that the restriction as previously stated is proper for the reason previously stated. With respect to applicants arguments that claim 1 is a genus claim that if restricted would preclude applicants from the full scope of applicants invention. Claim 1 is not a "genus type" claim and the proper restriction of this claim would still allow applicants to claim the full scope of applicant's invention, as this claim would still be fully considered on its merits. Such a claim could properly be divided into multiple claims, such that an undue burden is not presented, and would result in a increase in the quality of examination of applicants claimed subject matter.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

Claims 11-24, 31 and 32 are withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.

#### ***Information Disclosure Statement***

The listing of references in the specification is not a proper information disclosure statement. 37 CFR 1.98(b) requires a list of all patents, publications, or other information submitted for consideration by the Office, and MPEP § 609 A(1) states, "the list may not be incorporated into the specification but must be submitted in a separate paper."

Applicants filing of information disclosure statement, filed 5/8/2006, is acknowledged. Those references considered have been initialed.



### ***Specification***

The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:

This application contains sequence disclosures that are encompassed by the definitions for nucleotide and/or amino acid sequences set forth in 37 CFR 1.821(a)(1) and (a)(2). However, this application fails to comply with the requirements of 37 CFR 1.821 through 1.825 for the reason(s) set forth: The following portions of the specification list sequences which appear to meet the definition for an amino acid sequence, but do not have an associated SEQ ID No: Figures 5 and 6 or the description of these figures

Appropriate correction is required.

### ***Claim Objections***

Claims 7 and 26 are objected to because of the following informalities:

Claims 7 and 26 each depend from rejected claims.

Appropriate correction is required.

### ***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112***

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.



Claims 1-6, 8, 9, 10, 25 and 27-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for a hybrid polymerase comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2, does not reasonably provide enablement for any hybrid polymerase comprising SEQ ID NO: 23 and having a mere 80% identity to SEQ ID NO: 24. The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the invention commensurate in scope with these claims.

Factors to be considered in determining whether undue experimentation is required, are summarized in *In re Wands* (858 F.2d 731, 8 USPQ 2d 1400 (Fed. Cir. 1988)) as follows: (1) the quantity of experimentation necessary, (2) the amount of direction or guidance presented, (3) the presence or absence of working examples, (4) the nature of the invention, (5) the state of the prior art, (6) the relative skill of those in the art, (7) the predictability or unpredictability of the art, and (8) the breadth of the claim(s).

Claims 1-6, 8, 9, 10, 25 and 27-30 are so broad as to encompass any hybrid polymerase comprising SEQ ID NO: 23 and having a mere 80% identity to SEQ ID NO: 24. The scope of the claims is not commensurate with the enablement provided by the disclosure with regard to the extremely large number of hybrid polymerases broadly encompassed by the claims, including those having a mere 80% identity to SEQ ID NO: 24. The claims rejected under this section of U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, do not place minor and insufficient structural limits on the claimed enzymes. Since the amino acid sequence of a protein determines its structural and functional properties, predictability of



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which changes can be tolerated in a protein's amino acid sequence and obtain the desired activity requires a knowledge of and guidance with regard to which amino acids in the protein's sequence, if any, are tolerant of modification and which are conserved (i.e. expectedly intolerant to modification), and detailed knowledge of the ways in which the proteins' structure relates to its function. However, in this case the disclosure is limited to that hybrid polymerase comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2.

While recombinant and mutagenesis techniques are known, it is not routine in the art to screen for multiple substitutions or multiple modifications, as encompassed by the instant claims, and the positions within a protein's sequence where amino acid modifications can be made with a reasonable expectation of success in obtaining the desired activity/utility are limited in any protein and the result of such modifications is unpredictable. In addition, one skilled in the art would expect any tolerance to modification for a given protein to diminish with each further and additional modification, e.g. multiple substitutions.

The specification does not support the broad scope of the claims which encompass all modifications and fragments of any hybrid polymerase comprising SEQ ID NO: 23 and having a mere 80% identity to SEQ ID NO: 24, because the specification does not establish: (A) regions of the protein structure which may be modified without effecting polymerase activity; (B) the general tolerance of the specified polymerases to modification and extent of such tolerance; (C) a rational and predictable scheme for modifying any amino acid residue of a polymerase with an expectation of obtaining the desired biological function; and (D) the specification provides insufficient guidance as to



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which of the essentially infinite possible choices is likely to be successful. Because of this lack of guidance, the extended experimentation that would be required to determine which substitutions would be acceptable to retain the polymerase activity claimed and the fact that the relationship between the sequence of a peptide and its tertiary structure (i.e. its activity) are not well understood and are not predictable (e.g., see Ngo et al. in *The Protein Folding Problem and Tertiary Structure Prediction*, 1994, Merz et al. (ed.), Birkhauser, Boston, MA, pp. 433 and 492-495, Ref: U, Form-892), it would require undue experimentation for one skilled in the art to arrive at the majority of those polypeptides of the claimed genus having the claimed polymerase activity.

Thus, applicants have not provided sufficient guidance to enable one of ordinary skill in the art to make and use the claimed invention in a manner reasonably correlated with the scope of the claims broadly including any hybrid polymerase comprising SEQ ID NO: 23 and having a mere 80% identity to SEQ ID NO: 24. The scope of the claims must bear a reasonable correlation with the scope of enablement (*In re Fisher*, 166 USPQ 19 24 (CCPA 1970)). Without sufficient guidance, determination of those hybrid polymerases having the desired biological characteristics is unpredictable and the experimentation left to those skilled in the art is unnecessarily, and improperly, extensive and undue. See *In re Wands* 858 F.2d 731, 8 USPQ2nd 1400 (Fed. Cir, 1988).

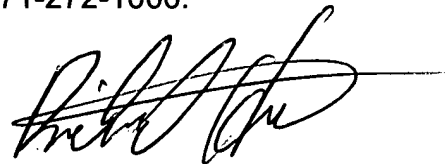
Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Richard G. Hutson whose telephone number is 571-272-0930. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 7:00-4:00.



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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ponnathapu Achutamurthy can be reached on 571-272-0928. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Richard G. Hutson', with a horizontal line extending to the right.

Richard G Hutson, Ph.D.  
Primary Examiner  
Art Unit 1652

rgh  
7/24/2006